2 will be accepted for 30-days following issuance of the final Plan. The plan will become effective when all protests have been resolved and a Decision Record is signed by the authorized officer.

Julia Dougan,

Area Manager.

[FR Doc. 95–13592 Filed 6–2–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–40–P

[UT-046-05-4210-0-03-5]

Intent To Prepare Environmental Impact Statement for Proposed Plan Amendment to Virgin River Management Framework Plan, UT

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior

ACTION: Notice of Intent to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for a proposed plan amendment to the Virgin River Management Framework Plan (MFP).

SUMMARY: This notice is to advise the public that the Bureau of Land Management is preparing an EIS to consider proposed amendments to the land use plan that guides management of public lands within the Dixie Resource Area located in Washington County, Utah. The proposed amendment would consider alternatives for additional opportunities for land tenure adjustments.

DATES: The comment period for the preliminary issues and planning criteria identified for the proposed plan amendments will commence with publication of this notice. Comments must be submitted on or before July 5, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jim Crisp, Area Manager, Dixie Resource Area, 345 E. Riverside Drive, St. George, Utah 84770. Existing planning documents and information are available at the above address or telephone (801) 673–4654, Ext. 201. Comments on the proposed plan amendment should be sent to the above address.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Dixie Resource Area of the Cedar City District, BLM, is proposing to amend the Virgin River MFP, to allow for land tenure adjustments not previously identified in the MFP. The main purpose is to identify and analyze lands that could be exchanged and result in acquisition of special status species habitat including desert tortoise habitat and to consider exchange criteria under which future land exchanges could take place. Lands transferred out of Federal ownership to private, state and municipal interests, as a result of the exchanges would be

available to meet the various needs of the respective parties. Where there are specific uses proposed on lands identified for exchange, those uses will be analyzed. This would include the potential use of public lands as an area for water overflow storage associated with the Sand Hollow Reservoir that is proposed to be built on adjacent private land. An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) will be prepared to analyze the impacts of this proposal and alternatives. This notice begins the BLM planning scoping process. Additional public meetings and scoping will occur during the development of this EIS.

Preliminary planning issues have been identified to consist of possible adverse impacts to public lands once removed from public ownership, conflicts or controversy surrounding the use of public lands for the "overflow" of water from adjacent private lands, economic impacts, impacts on other natural resource and special status species from land disposal.

The following preliminary planning criteria have been identified and set the parameters under which land exchanges may take place:

1. The action results in a net gain of important and manageable resource values on public land such as Desert Tortoise and other T&E species habitat, crucial wildlife habitat, significant cultural sites, high quality riparian area, live water, or areas key to the maintenance of productive ecosystems.

2. The action ensures the accessibility of public lands in areas where access is needed and cannot otherwise be obtained.

3. The action is essential to allow effective management on public lands in areas where consolidation of ownership is necessary to meet resource management objectives.

4. The action results in acquisition of lands that serve a national priority as identified in Federal policy directives.

The following disciplines will be utilized for interdisciplinary input through out the NEPA process: Archeologist, Lands and Realty Specialist, Wildlife Biologist, Range Conservationist, Botanist, Mineral Specialist and Geologist, Certified Appraiser, Engineer, Planning Specialist, Soils Scientist and Hydrologist.

The present land use plan for the Dixie Resource Area is the Virgin River Management Framework Plan (MFP) prepared in 1977. This land use plan is being revised and updated through preparation of a newer and more comprehensive Dixie Resource Management Plan (RMP) but the completion date is uncertain at this

time. The planning amendment now being initiated will amend either the Virgin River MFP or the Dixie RMP, which ever is the current document at the time this amendment is completed.

G. William Lamb,

Acting State Director.

[FR Doc. 95–13618 Filed 6–2–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–DQ–P

[AZ-040-05-1040 00]

Notice of Meeting for the Gila Box Advisory Committee

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management,

Interior.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given in accordance with 43 CFR 1780 that a meeting of the Gila Box Riparian National Conservation Area (NCA) Advisory Committee will be held.

DATES: July 14, 1995, 10 a.m.-4 p.m., Safford District Office.

ADDRESSES: BLM Safford District Office, 711 14th Ave., Safford, Arizona.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NCA Advisory Committee was established by Arizona Desert Wilderness Act of 1990 to provide input to the Safford District on management of the Gila Box Riparian National Conservation Area (NCA). The Committee is continuing work on the Gila Box Interdisciplinary Activity Plan, which will be completed by December 1995.

The agenda for the meeting includes (1) refine management actions and (2) finalize preferred alternative.

All meetings are open to the public. Interested persons may make oral statements to the Committee between 10:30 and 11:00 a.m. or may file written statements for consideration by the Committee. Anyone wishing to make an oral statement must contact the BLM Gila Resource Area Manager at least two working days prior to the meeting. Written statements are also accepted at any time during preparation of the draft plan, and will be reviewed by the committee.

Statements should be mailed to Elmer Walls, Team Leader, Gila Resource Area, 711 14th Ave., Safford, Arizona 85546.

Summary minutes of the meeting will be maintained in the Safford District Office and will be available for public inspection (during regular business hours) within 30 days after each meeting.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Meg Jensen, Gila Resource Area Manager, or Elmer Walls, Team Leader, 711 14th Ave., Safford, Arizona 85546, Telephone (520) 428–4040.

Dated: May 23, 1995.

William T. Civish,

District Manager.

[FR Doc. 95-13571 Filed 6-2-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-32-M

[WY-920-41-5700; WYW125896]

Notice of Proposed Reinstatement of Terminated Oil and Gas Lease; Wyoming

May 23, 1995.

Pursuant to the provisions of 30 U.S.C. 188 (d) and (e), and 43 CFR 3108.2–3(a) and (b)(1), a petition for reinstatement of oil and gas lease WYW125896 for lands in Natrona County, Wyoming, was timely filed and was accompanied by all the required rentals accruing from the date of termination

The lessee has agreed to the amended lease terms for rentals and royalties at rates of \$10.00 per acre, or fraction thereof, per year and 16^2 /3 percent,

respectively.

The lessee has paid the required \$500 administrative fee and \$125 to reimburse the Department for the cost of this **Federal Register** notice. The lessee has met all the requirements for reinstatement of the lease as set out in Section 31 (d) and (e) of the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920 (30 U.S.C. 188), and the Bureau of Land Management is proposing to reinstate lease WYW125896 effective January 1, 1995, subject to the original terms and conditions of the lease and the increased rental and royalty rates cited above.

Pamela J. Lewis,

Supervisory Land Law Examiner. [FR Doc. 95–13590 Filed 6–2–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–22–M

[UT-942-4212-13; UTU-65659]

Notice of Issuance of Land Exchange Conveyance Document; Utah

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management. **ACTION:** Exchange of public and private lands.

SUMMARY: This action informs the public of the conveyance of 953.95 acres of public land out of Federal ownership. This action will also open 1,803.24 acres of reconveyed land to appropriation under the public land laws including the mining laws, open 557.82 acres of reconveyed land to appropriation under the public land laws, and open 320 acres of reconveyed

land to appropriation under the public land laws including 50% of the minerals under the mining laws.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael L. Crocker, Bureau of Land Management, Utah State Office, 324 South State Street, P.O. Box 45155, Salt Lake City, Utah 84145–0155, 801–539– 4118.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

1. The United States has issued an exchange conveyance document to United States Pollution Control, Inc., for the surface and locatable mineral estates of the following described land pursuant to Section 206 of the Act of October 21, 1976, 90 Stat. 2756; 43 U.S.C. 1716:

Salt Lake Meridian

T. 1 S., R. 11 W., Sec. 19, lot 4, SE½SW½, S½SE¼; Sec. 20, W½SW¼. T. 1 S., R. 12 W., Sec. 24, S½SE¼;

Sec. 25, All.

Containing 953.95 acres.

2. In exchange for the lands listed in paragraph 1, the United States received the surface and mineral estates of the following described land:

Salt Lake Meridian

T. 4 N., R. 19 W.,

Sec. 23, W¹/₂W¹/₂, N¹/₂SE¹/₄SW¹/₄, SW¹/₄SE¹/₄SW¹/₄, S¹/₂SE¹/₄SE¹/₄SW¹/₄.

T. 6 S., R. 5 W.,

Sec. 34, SE1/4SW1/4.

T. 7 S., R. 5 W.,

Sec. 3, lots 3, 4, S¹/₂NW¹/₄, N¹/₂SW¹/₄, SW¹/₄SW¹/₄.

T. 10 S., R. 6 W.,

Sec. 23, SE¹/₄SE¹/₄;

Sec. 26, NE¹/₄NE¹/₄, W¹/₂NE¹/₄, E¹/₂NW¹/₄, SW¹/₄NW¹/₄, SW¹/₄;

Sec. 27, NE¹/₄NE¹/₄, S¹/₂NE¹/₄;

Sec. 34, N¹/₂SE¹/₄, SE¹/₄SE¹/₄;

Sec. 35, $N^{1/2}$, $N^{1/2}S^{1/2}$, $S^{1/2}SW^{1/4}$,

SW1/4SE1/4.

Containing 1,803.24 acres.

3. The United States received the surface estate of the following land:

Salt Lake Meridian

T. 6 S., R. 5 W.,

Sec. 27, SE¹/₄SW¹/₄;

Sec. 34, NW¹/₄NE¹/₄, NW¹/₄.

T. 6 S., R 6 W.,

Sec. 28, lots 5 and 6, NE¹/₄SW¹/₄, NW¹/₄SE¹/₄.

T. 40 S., R 17 W.,

Sec. 4. SW¹/₄NW¹/₄, NW¹/₄SW¹/₄;

Sec. 5, lot 1, SE¹/₄NE¹/₄.

Containing 557.82 acres.

4. The United States received the surface and 50% interest in the mineral estates of the following land:

Salt Lake Meridian

T. 6 S., R 5 W.,

Sec. 34, SW1/4SW1/4.

T. 7 S., R 5 W.,

Sec. 4, E¹/₂SE¹/₄;

Sec. 9, $E^{1/2}NE^{1/4}$, $NE^{1/4}SE^{1/4}$; Sec. 22, $W^{1/2}NW^{1/4}$.

Containing 320.00 acres.

5. At 8 a.m., on July 5, 1995, the lands described in paragraphs 2, 3, and 4 will be opened to the operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications received at or prior to 8:00 a.m. on July 5, 1995 shall be considered as simultaneously filed at that time. Those received thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

6. At 8:00 a.m., on July 5, 1995, the lands described in paragraph 2 will be opened to location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. Appropriation of any of the lands described in paragraph 2 under the general mining laws prior to the date and time of restoration is unauthorized. Any such attempted appropriation, including attempted adverse possession under 30 U.S.C. 38 (1988), shall vest no rights against the United States. Acts required to establish a location and to initiate a right of possession are governed by State law where not in conflict with Federal law. The Bureau of Land Management will not intervene in disputes between rival locators over possessory rights since Congress has provided for such determinations in local courts.

7. At 8:00 a.m., on July 5, 1995, the lands described in paragraph 4 will be opened to the operation of the mining laws, applicable to 50% of the mineral estate, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. Appropriation of any of the lands described in paragraph 4 under the general mining laws prior to the date and time of restoration is unauthorized. Any such attempted appropriation, including attempted adverse possession under 30 U.S.C. 38 (1988), shall vest no rights against the United States. Acts required to establish a location and to initiate a right of possession are governed by State law where not in conflict with Federal law. The Bureau of Land Management will not intervene in disputes between rival locators over possessory rights since Congress has provided for such determinations in local courts.